Gutob language

The **Gutob** or **Bodo Gadaba language** is a <u>Munda</u> language of <u>India</u>, with the greatest concentrations of speakers being found in <u>Koraput district</u> of <u>Odisha</u> and <u>Visakhapatnam district</u> of <u>Andhra Pradesh</u>. It is also known simply as the **Gadaba language**, but it is different from the <u>Dravidian Gadaba language</u>. Other names for the Bodo Gadaba language include **Gadba**, **Gutop**, **Gudwa**, **Godwa**, **Gadwa**, and **Boi Gadaba**.

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Classification

The Gutob language belongs to the South Munda subgroup of the Munda branch of the Austroasiatic language family. It is most closely related to the Bondo language. [3]

Gutob			
Bodo Gadaba			
Native to	India		
Region	Odisha, Andhra Pradesh		
Native speakers	40,976 (2011) ^[1]		
Language	Austroasiatic		
family	Munda		
	Koraput		
	■ Remo		
	■ Gutob		
Language codes			
ISO 639-3	gbj		
Glottolog	bodo1267 (htt		
	p://glottolog.o		
	p://glottolog.o		
	p://glottolog.o rg/resource/lan		

Distribution

Gutob is spoken across southern <u>Odisha</u> and adjacent districts of northern <u>Andhra Pradesh</u>, and is concentrated primarily in Lamptaput block, <u>Koraput district</u>, southern <u>Odisha</u> (Griffiths 2008:634). In recent centuries, Gutob speakers have also migrated to the plains of Andhra Pradesh as well as <u>Rayagada District</u>, including near the town Majiguda (close to Kalyansinghpur) where they live alongside the <u>Dravidianspeaking Kondhs</u>.

Ethnologue reports the following locations.

- 40 villages of Lamptaput block, Koraput district, southern Odisha
- Khoirput block, Malkangiri district, southern Odisha
- Visakhapatnam district, northern Andhra Pradesh

Language status

The Gutob language is considered to be either <u>endangered</u> or <u>moribund</u>, due in part to a couple of hydroelectric projects that have displaced Gutob people from their traditional villages and forced them to live as minorities in primarily <u>Desiya</u>-speaking villages.^[4]

References

- 1. "Statement 1: Abstract of speakers' strength of languages and mother tongues 2011" (http://www.censusindia.gov.in/2011Census/Language_MTs.html). www.censusindia.gov.in. Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India. Retrieved 2018-07-07.
- 2. Hammarström, Harald; Forkel, Robert; Haspelmath, Martin, eds. (2017). "Bodo Gadaba" (htt p://glottolog.org/resource/languoid/id/bodo1267). Glottolog 3.0. Jena, Germany: Max Planck Institute for the Science of Human History.
- 3. Ethnologue report on the Bodo Gadaba language (http://www.ethnologue.com/show_language.asp?code=gbj)
- 4. "Literature development in minority language: Case study of Gutob–Gadaba Language Revitalization Project in India" (http://www.sil.org/asia/ldc/parallel_papers/herold_rajan.pdf) (in .pdf format)
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